COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 1037/2012

of 7 November 2012

approving the active substance isopyrazam, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (1), and in particular Article 13(2) and Article 78(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 80(1)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, Council Directive 91/414/EEC (²) is to apply, with respect to the procedure and the conditions for approval, to active substances for which a decision has been adopted in accordance with Article 6(3) of that Directive before 14 June 2011. For isopyrazam the conditions of Article 80(1)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are fulfilled by Commission Decision 2010/132/EU (³).
- (2) In accordance with Article 6(2) of Directive 91/414/EEC the United Kingdom received on 25 November 2008 an application from Syngenta Crop Protection AG for the inclusion of the active substance isopyrazam in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC. Decision 2010/132/EU confirmed that the dossier was 'complete' in the sense that it could be considered as satisfying, in principle, the data and information requirements of Annexes II and III to Directive 91/414/EEC.
- (3) For that active substance, the effects on human and animal health and the environment have been assessed, in accordance with the provisions of Article 6(2) and (4) of Directive 91/414/EEC, for the uses proposed by the applicant. The designated rapporteur Member State submitted a draft assessment report on 4 May 2010.
- (4) The draft assessment report was reviewed by the Member States and the European Food Safety Authority (hereinafter 'the Authority'). The Authority presented to the Commission its conclusion on the review of the pesticide risk assessment of the active substance isopyrazam (4) on 27 February 2012. The draft assessment report was reviewed by the Member States and the Commission within the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and

Animal Health and was finalised on 28 September 2012 in the format of the Commission review report for isopyrazam.

- (5) It has appeared from the various examinations made that plant protection products containing isopyrazam may be expected to satisfy, in general, the requirements laid down in Article 5(1)(a) and (b) and Article 5(3) of Directive 91/414/EEC, in particular with regard to the uses which were examined and detailed in the Commission review report. It is therefore appropriate to approve isopyrazam.
- (6) In accordance with Article 13(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 in conjunction with Article 6 thereof and in the light of current scientific and technical knowledge, it is, however, necessary to include certain conditions and restrictions. It is, in particular, appropriate to require further confirmatory information.
 - Without prejudice to the obligations provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 as a consequence of approval, taking into account the specific situation created by the transition from Directive 91/414/EEC to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the following should, however, apply. Member States should be allowed a period of six months after approval to review authorisations of plant protection products containing isopyrazam. Member States should, as appropriate, vary, replace or withdraw authorisations. By way of derogation from that deadline, a longer period should be provided for the submission and assessment of the update of the complete Annex III dossier, as set out in Directive 91/414/EEC, of each plant protection product for each intended use in accordance with the uniform principles.
 - The experience gained from inclusions in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC of active substances assessed in the framework of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3600/92 of 11 December 1992 laying down the detailed rules for the implementation of the first stage of the programme of work referred to in Article 8(2) of Council Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market (5) has shown that difficulties can arise in interpreting the duties of holders of existing authorisations in relation to access to data. In order to avoid further difficulties it therefore appears necessary to clarify the duties of the Member States, especially the duty to verify that the holder of an authorisation demonstrates access to a dossier satisfying the requirements of Annex II to that Directive. However, this clarification does not impose any new

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1.

⁽²) OJ L 230, 19.8.1991, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 52, 3.3.2010, p. 51.

⁽⁴⁾ EFSA Journal 2012; 10(3):2600. Available online: www.efsa.europa.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 366, 15.12.1992, p. 10.

- obligations on Member States or holders of authorisations compared to the Directives which have been adopted until now amending Annex I to that Directive or the Regulations approving active substances.
- (9) In accordance with Article 13(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (1) should be amended accordingly.
- (10) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Approval of active substance

The active substance isopyrazam, as specified in Annex I, is approved subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

Article 2

Re-evaluation of plant protection products

1. Member States shall in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, where necessary, amend or withdraw existing authorisations for plant protection products containing isopyrazam as an active substance by 30 September 2013.

By that date they shall in particular verify that the conditions in Annex I to this Regulation are met, with the exception of those identified in the column on specific provisions of that Annex, and that the holder of the authorisation has, or has access to, a dossier satisfying the requirements of Annex II to Directive 91/414/EEC in accordance with the conditions of Article 13(1) to (4) of that Directive and Article 62 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, for each authorised plant protection product containing isopyrazam as either

the only active substance or as one of several active substances, all of which were listed in the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 by 31 March 2013 at the latest, Member States shall re-evaluate the product in accordance with the uniform principles, as referred to in Article 29(6) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, on the basis of a dossier satisfying the requirements of Annex III to Directive 91/414/EEC and taking into account the column on specific provisions of Annex I to this Regulation. On the basis of that evaluation, they shall determine whether the product satisfies the conditions set out in Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.

Following that determination Member States shall:

- (a) in the case of a product containing isopyrazam as the only active substance, where necessary, amend or withdraw the authorisation by 30 September 2014 at the latest; or
- (b) in the case of a product containing isopyrazam as one of several active substances, where necessary, amend or withdraw the authorisation by 30 September 2014 or by the date fixed for such an amendment or withdrawal in the respective act or acts which added the relevant substance or substances to Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC or approved that substance or substances, whichever is the latest.

Article 3

Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

The Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 is amended in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 4

Entry into force and date of application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 April 2013.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 November 2012.

For the Commission
The President
José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX I

Common Name, Identification Numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (¹)	Date of approval	Expiration of approval	Specific provisions
Isopyrazam CAS No 881685-58-1 (syn-isomer: 683777-13-1/anti-isomer: 683777-14-2) CIPAC No 963	A mixture of 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[(1RS,4SR,9RS)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-9-isopropyl-1,4-methanon-aphthalen-5-yl]pyrazole-4-carboxamide (syn-isomer – 50:50 mix of two enantiomers) and 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[(1RS,4SR,9SR)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-9-isopropyl-1,4-methanonaphthalen-5-yl]pyrazole-4-carboxamide (anti-isomer– 50:50 mix of two enantiomers) In a range of 78:15 % to 100:0 % syn to anti.	≥ 920 g/kg In a range of 78:15 % to 100:0 % syn- to anti-isomers	1 April 2013	31 March 2023	For the implementation of the uniform principles as referred to in Article 29(6) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the conclusions of the review report on isopyrazam, and in particular Appendices I and II thereof, as finalised in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health on 28 September 2012 shall be taken into account. In this overall assessment Member States shall pay particular attention to: (a) the risk to aquatic organisms; (b) the risk to earthworms if the substance is applied in the framework of no cultivation/minimum cultivation practices; (c) the protection of groundwater, when the substance is applied in regions with vulnerable soil and/or climatic conditions. Conditions of use shall include risk mitigation measures, like the exclusion of no cultivation/minimum cultivation practices, and the obligation to carry out monitoring programmes to verify potential groundwater contamination in vulnerable zones, where appropriate. The applicant shall submit confirmatory information as regards the relevance of the metabolites CSCD 459488 and CSCD 459489 for groundwater. The applicant shall submit to the Commission, the Member States and the Authority this information by 31 March 2015.

⁽¹⁾ Further details on identity and specification of active substance are provided in the review report.

In Part B of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, the following entry is added:

Number	Common Name, Identification Numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (¹)	Date of approval	Expiration of approval	Specific provisions
`27	Isopyrazam CAS No 881685-58-1 (syn-isomer: 683777-13-1/ anti-isomer: 683777-14-2) CIPAC No 963	A mixture of 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[(1RS,4SR,9RS)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-9-isopropyl-1,4-methanonaphthalen-5-yl] pyrazole-4-carboxamide (syn-isomer – 50:50 mix of two enantiomers) and 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[(1RS,4SR,9SR)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-9-isopropyl-1,4-methanonaphthalen-5-yl] pyrazole-4-carboxamide (anti-isomer – 50:50 mix of two enantiomers) In a range of 78:15 % to 100:0 % syn to anti.	≥ 920 g/kg In a range of 78:15 % to 100:0 % syn- to antiisomers	1 April 2013	31 March 2023	For the implementation of the uniform principles as referred to in Article 29(6) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the conclusions of the review report on isopyrazam, and in particular Appendices I and II thereof, as finalised in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health on 28 September 2012 shall be taken into account. In this overall assessment Member States shall pay particular attention to: (a) the risk to aquatic organisms; (b) the risk to earthworms if the substance is applied in the framework of no cultivation/minimum cultivation practices; (c) the protection of groundwater, when the substance is applied in regions with vulnerable soil and/or climatic conditions. Conditions of use shall include risk mitigation measures, like the exclusion of no cultivation/minimum cultivation practices, and the obligation to carry out monitoring programmes to verify potential groundwater contamination in vulnerable zones, where appropriate. The applicant shall submit confirmatory information as regards the relevance of the metabolites CSCD 459488 and CSCD 459489 for groundwater. The applicant shall submit to the Commission, the Member States and the Authority this information by 31 March 2015.'

ANNEX II

⁽¹⁾ Further details on identity and specification of active substance are provided in the review report.